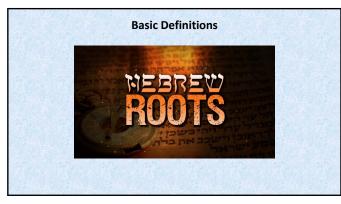


2



Basic Definitions

 <u>Orthodox Doctrine</u> – Orthodox means "right belief" and generally refers to <u>the essentials</u> of the historic Christian faith as taught by Jesus and the Apostles including:

- a. Monotheism (God is one)
- b. The Trinity (God is a triunity)
- c. The deity of Christ (Jesus is the 2nd Person of the Trinity)
- d. The virgin birth
- e. The resurrection
- f. The Gospel (the death, burial, resurrection, and ascension of Christ.

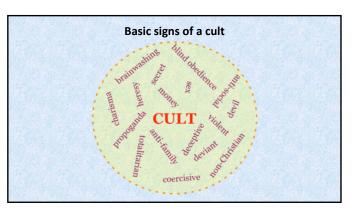
4

Basic Definitions

- 2. False Religion rules or ritual based; not relationship based.
- 3. <u>Cult</u> A deviation from orthodoxy (right belief).
- a) <u>Heresy</u> A denial of orthodoxy (right belief). "Heresy," refers to false teachings that are destructive because they overturn the basic elements which make up the historic Christian faith, substituting in their place doctrines which distort or contradict the teachings found in the Bible.

b) <u>Aberrant</u> – a doctrine that does not overtly deny basic biblical theology, but is dangerously inconsistent with orthodoxy (right belief). A group may be orthodox in its central theology while at the same time maintain teachings and practices that are clearly at odds with essential Christian theology.

5



Basic signs of a cult

DEVIATIONS FROM ORTHODOXY (CORRECT TEACHING)

- 1. Monotheism (Exo. 20:3-6; Isa. 43:10; 44:6, 8).
- 2. Trinity (Matt. 3:16-17; 28:19; 1 Cor. 12:4-6; 2 Cor. 13:14; Eph. 4:4-6).
- 3. Virgin Birth (Matt. 1:23).
- 4. The Deity of Christ (Jesus is God in flesh (John 8:58 with Exo. 3:14). See also John 1:1, 14; 8:24; 10:30-33; 20:28; Col. 2:9; Phil. 2:5-8; Heb. 1:8).

7

Basic signs of a cult

DEVIATIONS FROM ORTHODOXY (CORRECT TEACHING)

- The physical resurrection of Christ (John 2:19-21; 1 Cor. 15:14, 17; John 20:25-28; Luke 24:39).
- 6. The Gospel, as the death, burial, and resurrection of Jesus (1 Cor. 15:1-4; Gal. 1:8-9).
- 7. Salvation by grace through faith alone (Rom. 3:28; 4:1-5; 5:1; Eph. 2:8-9; Gal. 3:21;5:3-5).

8



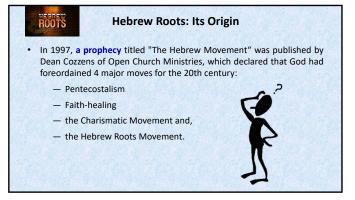
ROOTS

Hebrew Roots: Its Origin

- The modern HRM is a grassroots movement lacking an organizational structure but which has been influenced by Seventh-Day Adventism and the Worldwide Church of God (Armstrongism), both well-known documented cults.
- Hebrew Roots (aka Hebraic Roots) is a grassroots movement without an ecclesiastical superstructure.
- In 1994, Dean (1939-2022) and Susan Wheelock Trademarked the term Hebrew Roots and in 1998 began publishing the Hebrew Roots[®] magazine and created a website: Hebrewroots.net.

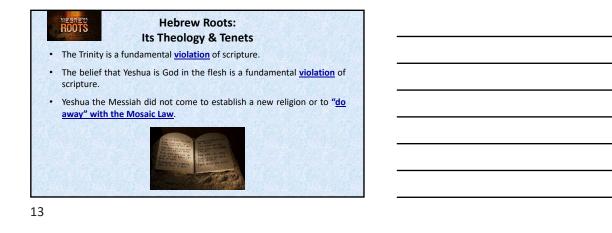


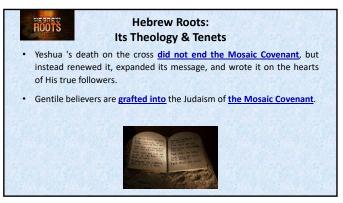
10



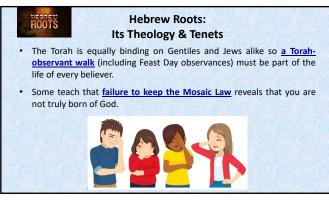
11

ROOTS	Hebrew Roots: Its Premise & Goal
C 20 5	ise of the Hebrew Roots movement is the belief that the is veered far from <u>the true teachings</u> and <u>Hebrew concepts</u> of
the cultu ultimately	ment maintains that Christianity has been indoctrinated with re and beliefs of Greek and Roman philosophy and that r biblical <u>Christianity</u> , taught in churches today, <u>has been</u> with a pagan imitation of the New Testament gospels.
The state Roots of t	d goal of this group is "Exploring and Recovering the Hebrew he Faith".





14

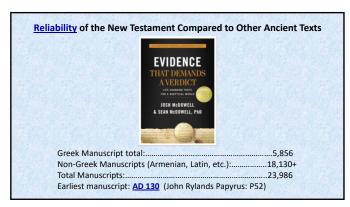




16

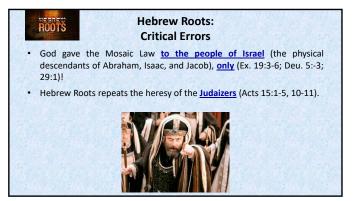
Author	Date Written	Earliest Copy	Time Span/Gap	No. Of Copies
Caesar (Gallic Wars)	100-44 B.C.	900 A.D.	1.000 yrs.	10
Livy (History of Rome)	59 B.C A.D. 17	4 th cent. (Partial) mostly 10 th cent.	400 yrs. 1000 yrs.	1 partial 19
Homer (Iliad)	800 B.C.	400 B.C.	400 yrs.	643
Plato (Tetralogies)	427-347 B.C.	900 A.D.	1,200 yrs.	7
Tacitus (Annals)	100 A.D.	1,100 A.D.	1,000 yrs.	20 (-)
also minor works	100 A.D.	1,000 A.D.	900 yrs.	1
Pliny the Younger "Secundus" (Natural History)	61-113 A.D.	850 A.D.	750 yrs.	7
Thucydides (History)	460-400 B.C.	900 A.D.	1,300 yrs.	8
Suetonius (De Vita Caesrium)	75-160 A.D.	950 A.D.	800 yrs.	8
Herodotus (History)	480-425 B.C.	900 A.D.	1,350 yrs.	8
Horace			900 yrs.	
Sophocles	496-406 B.C.	1,000 A.D.	1,400 yrs.	100
Lucretius	Died 55 or 53 B.C.		1,100 yrs.	2
Catullus	54 B.C.	1,550 A.D.	1,600 yrs	3
Euripides	480-406 B.C.	1,100 A.D.	1,500 yrs.	9
Demosthenes	383-322 B.C.	1,100 A.D.	1,400 yrs.	200*
Aristotle	384-322 B.C.	1,100 A.D.	1,400 yrs.	5+
Aristophanes	450-385 B.C.	900 A.D.	1,200 yrs.	10
New Testament	40-100 A.D.	100-150 A.D.	25yrs (possibly less)	5,824 (complete copie 24,000

17

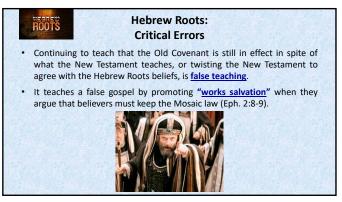


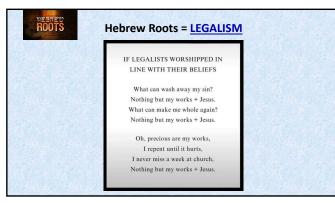


19

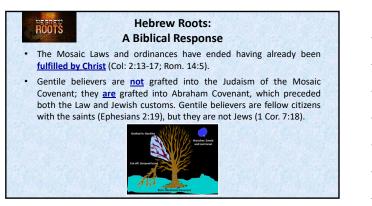


20

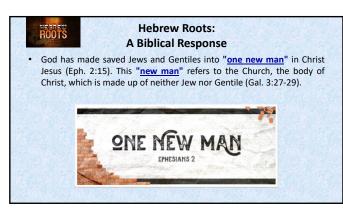


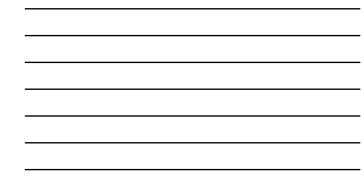


22



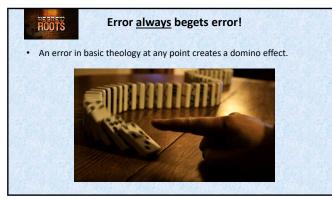
23



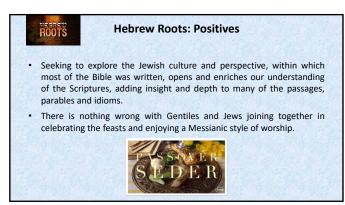




25



26





28

References

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hebrew_Roots
- https://www.gotquestions.org/Hebrew-roots.html
- https://answersingenesis.org/presuppositions/dangers-hebrew-rootsmovement/
- http://www.middletownbiblechurch.org/doctrine/doctrine.htm
- http://faithfacts.org/world-religions-and-theology/cults-andheresies#Heresy