THE RAPTURE What and When? – Part 20 THE RAPTURE By Or Andy Woods, Th.M., JD., PhD. Sr. Pastor, Sugar Land Bible Church

Slide 2

What is the Rapture?

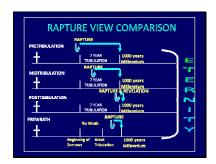
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- 1. An important doctrine
- 2. Distinct from the Second Advent
- 3. Catching away of all living believers (1 Thess 4:17)
- 4. Reunion (1 Thess 4:14-16)
- 5. Resurrection (1 Cor 15:50-54)
- 6. Exemption from death (1 Cor 15:51, 54-56)
- 7. Instantaneous (1 Cor 15:52)
- 8. Mystery (1 Cor 15:51)
- 9. Imminent (1 Cor 15:51; 1 Thess 4:15)
- 10. Traditional doctrine now being recovered

Slide 3

When Will the Rapture Take Place Relative to the Tribulation Period?

- Pre-tribulation rapture theory
- Mid-tribulation rapture theory
- Post-tribulation rapture theory
- Pre-wrath rapture theory
- Partial rapture theory





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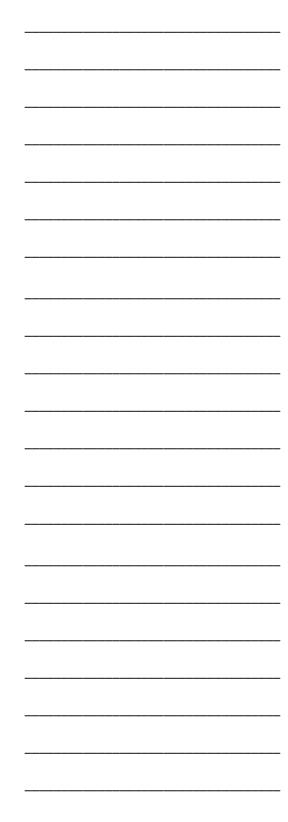
When is the Rapture?

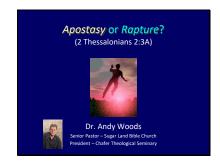
- 7 Arguments Favoring the Pre-Tribulation View
- Tribulation's purpose concerns Israel (Jer 30:7; Dan 9:24)
- No biblical reference to the church on earth during the Tribulation period (Rev 4-22)
- Church is promised an exemption from divine wrath (1 Thess 1:10; 5:9; Rom 5:9; Rev 3:10; 6:17)
- Rapture is imminent (1 Cor 15:51; 1 Thess 4:15)
 Rapture is a comfort (1 Thess 4:18)
- Antichrist cannot come to power until the restrainer is removed (2 Thess 2:6-7)
- Symbolic parallels (2 Peter 2:5-9)

Slide 6

Strengthening the Pre-Tribulation Case

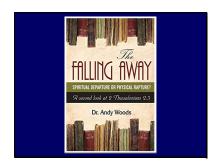
- 1. John 14:1-4
- 2. Revelation 3:10
- 3. First Thessalonians 4–5
- 4. Second Thessalonians 2:3a
- 5. Matthew 24–25





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10 Reasons Favoring Physical Departure

- I. There have always been doctrinal departures
- II. 2 Thess. was an early letter
- III. The definite article before apostasia
- IV. Noun apostasia can refer to physical departure
- V. Verb aphistēmi can refer to physical departure



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Order of Paul's Letters

- 1. Galatians (A.D. 49)
- 2. 1–2 Thessalonians (A.D. 51)
- 3. 1–2 Corinthians (A.D. 56)
- 4. Romans (A.D. 57)
- 5. Ephesians, Colossians, Philemon, Philippians (A.D. 60–62)
- 6. 1 Timothy, Titus (A.D. 62–66)
- 7. 2 Timothy (A.D. 67)



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2 Thessalonians 2:3

"Let no one in any way deceive you, for it will not come unless the apostasy [apostasia] comes first, and the man of lawlessness is revealed, the son of destruction."

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- V. Verb *aphistēmi* can refer to physical departure



Entries for Apostasia in Liddell & Scott Rebellion against God Apostasy Departure Disappearance Distance

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Entries for Apostasia in Lampe's A Patristic Greek Lexicon Revolt Defection Apostasy from paganism, Judaism, Christianity, orthodoxy Divorce Departure Standing aloof

Slide 18

Definition of "Apostasy"

- apos = away from
- histēmi = to stand
- Apostasy = to stand away from
- Apostasy = a departure
- A departure from what?
 - ◆ From previously known truth
 - Physically from something



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- V. <u>Verb aphistēmi</u> can refer to physical departure



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New Testament Meanings of *Aphistēmi*

- 15 New Testament uses
- Spiritual departure Luke 8:13; 1 Tim. 4:1; Heb. 3:12
- Physical departure Luke 2:37; 4:13; 13:27; Acts 5:37-38; 12:10; 13:13; 15:38; 19:9; 22:29; 2 Cor. 12:8; 2
 Tim. 2:19



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10 Reasons Favoring Physical Departure

- VI. Extended context favors physical departure
- VII. Immediate context favors physical departure
- VIII. 2 Thess. 2:2 is a review course
- IX. Early Bible translations favor physical departure
- X. Physical departure is held by credible scholars



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Unique Characteristics of 1 Thessalonians Every chapter ends with a reference to the Second Advent Small amount of time in between planting of the church and the first letter to the church

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2 Thessalohlans 2:6-7 ⁶And you know what restrains [katechō: neuter] him now, so that in his time he will be revealed. ⁷For the mystery of lawlessness is already at work; only he who now restrains [katechō: masculine] will do so until he is taken out of the way.

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1 Thessalonians 4:16-18

¹⁶ For the Lord Himself will descend from heaven with a shout, with the voice of *the* archangel and with the trumpet of God, and the dead in Christ will rise first. ¹⁷ Then we who are alive and remain will be <u>caught up [harpazō]</u> together with them in the clouds to meet the Lord in the air, and so we shall always be with the Lord. ¹⁸ Therefore comfort one another with these words."



2 Thessalonians 2:3 "Let no one in any way deceive you, for it will not come unless the apostasy [apostasia] comes first, and the man of lawlessness is revealed, the son of destruction."

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2 Thessalmians 2:3 Rheims Bible 1576 "Let no man deceive you by any means, for unless there come a revolt [apostasia] first, and the man of sin be revealed, the son of perdition."

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	"Departing First" or "	Falling Away"
Year	Bible	Translation
1384	Wycliffe Bible	Departynge First
1526	Tyndale Bible	Departynge First
1535	Coverdale Bible	Departynge First
1539	Crammer Bible	Departing First
1576	Breeches Bible	Departing First
1583	Beeza Bible	Departing First
1608	Geneva Bible	Departing First
1576	Rheims Bible	The Protestant "Revolt"
1611	King James V.	Falling Away
	House, When the Trumpet	Sounds, p. 270.

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Thomas Ice
'Departure' in 2 Thessalonians 2:3,"
ww.pre-trib.org, accessed 7 May 2017, 2.

most scholars say that no one knows the reason for the translation shift. However, a plausible theory has been put forth by Martin Butalla in his Master of Theology thesis produced at Dallas Theology Seminary in 1998. It appears that the Catholic translation into English from Jerome's Latin Vulgate known as the Rheims Bible (1576) was the first to break the translation trend. "Apostosia was revised from 'the departure' to 'the Protestant Revolt," explains Butalla. "Revolution is the terminology still in use today when Catholicism teaches the history of the Protestant Reformation. Under this guise, postosia would refer to a departure of Protestants from the Catholic Church." The Catholic translators appear eager to engage in polemics against the Reformation by even allowing it to impact Bible translation."

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NKJV, NIV, RSV, ASV, JB, NASB

- "apostasy"
- "falling away"
- "revolt"
- "rejection"
- "rebellion"



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- 10 Reasons Favoring Physical Departure
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Physical Departure Adherents							
Kenneth Wuest		Paul Lee Tan					
E. Schuyler English		Arnold Fruchtenbaum*					
J. Dwight Pentecost		Tim LaHaye					
H. Wayne House	2.9	Thomas Ice					
Stanley Ellison		Don Stewart					
J.S. Mabie		Robert Thieme					
Allen McRae		Gordon Olson*					
Gordon Lewis		J. Vernon McGee*					
Henry Morris*		Jimmy DeYoung*					
John. R. Rice		J.D. Farag					
David Olander		David Hocking					

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C. Gordon Olson, The Resurrection New Testament (Lynchburg, VA: Global Gospel Publishers, 2017), 261, n. B.

"Let no one deceive you in anyway, for that day will not come unless the departure comes first and the man of lawlessness is revealed, the man doomed to destruction.'....The Greek Apostasy means a departure, as does its verb aphistemi. It can refer to a physical departure, a spiritual departure, or a rebellion. The rapture of Christians would be a physical departure, which is supported by his announced subject in 2:13, 'our gathering together unto him' (cf. 1 Th. 4:13-13). Otherwise Paul never returned to his declared topic in a lapse of thought, which raises questions. Only two other versions so render it: GNV & WNB."

Henry M. Morris

der's Study Bible: King James Version (lo World Bible Publishers, 1995), 1337-38.

"2:3 falling away. The 'falling away' (Greek apostasia') has commonly been translated as the apostasy (the definite article in the Greek indicates Paul had already told them about it), and then assumed to apply to the final, great religious apostasy at the end of the age. The context, however, as well as the etymology of the word itself, makes this interpretation unlikely. In this precise form, it is used nowhere else in the New Testament, so its meaning must be defined by its context here. It is derived from two Greek words, apo (meaning 'away from') and stasis (meaning 'standing'). It could properly be rendered 'standing away' instead of 'falling away."

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Henry M. Morris

der's Study Bible: King James Version (lo World Bible Publishers, 1995), 1337-38.

World Bible Publishers, 1993, 1973-88.

"In Paul's previous letter, he made no reference to a coming departure from the faith, but he had discussed, at length, a coming departure from the earth by all believers when Christ returns to meet them in the air (1 Thessalonians 4:13-18). This standing away from, in context, seems to refer to all the raptured believers standing away from the earth, as they stand before their returning Lord when they meet Him in the heavens. Here, Paul is reminding them that the 'sudden destruction' that would come upon unbelievers when the day of the Lord begins could not happen until the rapture - the standing away from the earth before Christ (Romans 14:10) - had taken place."

Slide 45

Henry M. Morris

The Defender's Study Bible: King James Version (Iowa Falls, IA: World Bible Publishers, 1995), 1337-38.

World Bulle Publisher, 1995), 1317-38.

"The entire context, before and after, fits this understanding of the text better than the idea of the apostasy from the faith. Over the 1950 years since Paul wrote these lines, there have been numerous great apostasies from the faith, and none of these introduced the day of the Lord, although the persecuted believers in each case might easily have so interpreted them."

J. Vernon McGee

"... (1) the organization of the church [as contrasted with the true church] has separated from the faith—it has apostatized and (2) there has been another departure, the departure of the true church leads into the total apostatizing of the organized church "

Slide 47

Jimmy De Young

"Our key verse for this devotional, verse 3, has become somewhat controversial. There are those that believe that the Antichrist will come when the 'falling away' of the church, apostasy in the Church, has happened. This then seems to be saying that the church will be here when the Antichrist appears. This belief comes from a wrong understanding of the Greek word used in the passage and translated, 'a falling away...A close and careful word study of the Greek word apostasia will conclude that the true meaning of the word is found in the phrase, 'departing from one place and going to another', not a falling away from the doctrines of the church."

Slide 48

Jimmy De Young

Prophetic Prospective - Daily Devotiona

Prophetic Prospective — Daily Devotional
"If the word 'apostasia' was communicating that 'apostasy'
was what it was talking about then the Rapture and the
coming of the Antichrist would have happened during the
writing of II Thessalonians. Apostasy had infiltrated the early
church by the time Paul wrote this passage. What Paul is
saying here is that the Antichrist, the 'Son of Perdition',
would not come until the Church departs from one place and
goes to another. That is what happens at the Rapture. The
scenario for the future according to all prophetic passages is
that the Rapture takes all Christians into Heaven and then the
Antichrist appears on earth...Let me remind you that all
preparations have been made for the temple to be built in . . .

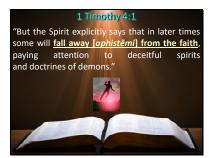
Slide 49 ... Jerusalem. False teachers and deception presently are a part of our society today, which indicates that Antichrist is nearing his appearance on earth. Remember, before the appearance of Antichrist and the temple is built, the Rapture happens. Actually the Rapture could happen at any moment. Be ready!" Slide 50 Answering Objections to the **Physical Departure View** Subtraction from the Last Days will be characterized by continual apostasy? . Rapture is passive and apostasy is active? Incongruence with verse 1? . Paul is re-assuring the Thessalonians that they had not already missed the rapture; therefore, it would be incomprehensible to read, "the rapture cannot have happened unless the rapture happens first" Slide 51 Answering Objections to the **Physical Departure View** <u>Subtraction from the Last Days will be characterized by continual apostasy?</u> Rapture is passive and apostasy is active? Incongruence with verse 1? Paul is re-assuring the Thessalonians that they had not already missed the rapture; therefore, it would be incomprehensible to read, "the rapture cannot have happened unless the rapture happens first"

order of Paul's Letters

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- 4. Romans (A.D. 57)
- 5. Ephesians, Colossians, Philemon, Philippians (A.D. 60–62)
- 6. 1 Timothy, Titus (A.D. 62–66)
- 7. 2 Timothy (A.D. 67)



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Answering Objections to the **Physical Departure View**

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- Paul is re-assuring the Thessalonians that they had not already missed the rapture; therefore, it would be incomprehensible to read, "the rapture cannot have happened unless the rapture happens first"

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D. Edmond Hiebert

alonian Epistles. Chicago: Mood Press, 1971. Page 306

"Nowhere else does the Scripture speak of the rapture as the departure.' A departure denotes an act on the part of the individual or company departing. But the rapture is not an act of departure on the part of the saints. In the rapture the church is passive, not active. At the rapture, the church is 'caught up' or 'snatched away,' an event wherein the Lord acts to transport believers from earth into His presence (1 Thess. 4:16-17). Everything that takes place with the believers at the rapture is initiated by the Lord and done by Him."

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Matthew 4:4

"But He answered and said, "It is written, 'Man SHALL NOT LIVE ON BREAD ALONE, BUT ON <u>EVERY WORD</u> THAT PROCEEDS OUT OF THE MOUTH OF GOD."



Matthew 5:18 "For truly I say to you, until heaven and earth pass away, not the smallest letter or stroke shall pass from the Law until all is accomplished."

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Answering Objections to the Physical Departure View



- Subtraction from the Last Days will be characterized by continual apostasy?
- 2. Rapture is passive and apostasy is active?
- 3. Incongruence with verse 1?
- 4. Paul is re-assuring the Thessalonians that they had not already missed the rapture; therefore, it would be incomprehensible to read, "the rapture cannot have happened unless the rapture happens first"

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2 Thessalonians 2:1 "Now we request you, brethren, with regard to the coming [parousia] of our Lord Jesus Christ and our gathering [episynagōgē] together to Him."

2 Thessalunians 2:3 "Let no one in any way deceive you, for it will not come unless the apostasy [apostasia] comes first, and the man of lawlessness is revealed, the son of destruction."

Slide 62

D. Edmond Hiebert

The Thessionan Epidles Chicago Moody
Press, 1971. Page 306

"Paul has just referred to the rapture as 'our gathering together unto him' (v. 1); why then should he now use this unlikely term to mean the same thing?"

Paul's Various Rapture Terms							
parousia	2 Thess. 2:1						
episynagōgē	2 Thess. 2:1						
apokalypsis	1 Cor. 1:7						
epiphaneia	Titus 2:13						
rhyomai	1 Thess. 1:10						
harpazō	1 Thess. 4:17						
apostasia	2 Thess. 2:3a						

Answering Objections to the Physical Departure View

- 1
- L. Subtraction from the Last Days will be characterized by continual apostasy?
- 2. Rapture is passive and apostasy is active?
- 3. Incongruence with verse 1?
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2 Thessalonians 2:2

"that you not be quickly shaken from your composure or be disturbed either by a spirit or a message or a letter as if from us, to the effect that the day of the Lord has come."



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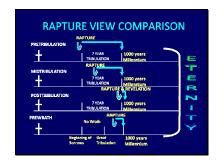
2 Thessalonians 2:1-12

- Problem (2:1-2)
- Prerequisites for the Day of the Lord (2:3-12)
 - ◆ The apostasy (2:3a)
 - Advent of the lawless one (2:3b-4)
 - Removal of the restrainer (2:5-7)
 - ◆ Destruction of the lawless one (2:8-9)
 - Destruction of lawless one's followers (2:10-12)

Slide 67			
Silue 07	2 Thessalonians 2:1-12 Problem (2:1-2) Prerequisites for the Day of the Lord (2:3-12)	_	
	 The apostasy (2:3a) Advent of the lawless one (2:3b-4) Removal of the restrainer (2:5-7) 	-	
	Destruction of the lawless one (2:8-9) Destruction of lawless one's followers (2:10-12)	-	
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Slide 68		-	
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	Conclusion	-	
		-	
Slide 69	10 Reasons Favoring Physical Departure 1. There have always been doctrinal departures	-	
	The class was an early letter The definite article before apostasia	-	
	Noun <i>apostasia</i> can refer to physical departure V. Verb <i>aphistēmi</i> can refer to physical departure	-	

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Strengthening the Pre-Tribulation Case	
1. John 14:1-4	
2. Revelation 3:10	
3. First Thessalonians 4–5	
4. Second Thessalonians 2:3a	
5. Matthew 24–25	

1

Acts 20:28-31-Be on guard for yourselves and for all the flock, among which the Holy Spirit has made you overseers, to shepherd the church of God which He purchased with His own blood. ²⁹ I know that after my departure savage wolves will come in among you, not sparing the flock; ³⁰ and from among your own selves men will arise, speaking perverse things, to draw away the disciples after them. ³¹ Therefore be on the alert, remembering that night and day for a period of three years I did not cease to admonish each one with tears.

Acts 19:10-This took place for two years, so that <u>all who lived</u> <u>in Asia heard the word of the Lord</u>, both Jews and Greeks.

2 Tim. 1:15-You are aware of the fact that <u>all who are</u> in Asia turned away from me, among whom are Phygelus and Hermogenes.

Dan. 9:27-and he will make a firm covenant with the many for one week, but in the middle of the week he will put a stop to sacrifice and grain offering; and on the wing of abominations will come one who makes desolate, even until a complete destruction, one that is decreed, is poured out on the one who makes desolate.

Rev. 6:1-2-Then I saw when the Lamb broke one of the seven seals, and I heard one of the four living creatures saying as with a voice of thunder, "Come." 2 I looked, and behold, a white horse, and he who sat on it had a bow; and a crown was given to him, and he went out conquering and to conquer.

Rev. 2:4-5-4 But I have this against you, that you have left your first love. 5 Therefore remember from where you have fallen, and repent and do the deeds you did at first; or else I am coming to you and will remove your lampstand out of its place—unless you repent.

1 Cor. 15:52-in <u>a moment, in the twinkling of an eye</u>, at the last trumpet; for the trumpet will sound, and the dead will be raised imperishable, and we will be changed.

Acts 21:21-and they have been told about you, that you are teaching all the Jews who are among the Gentiles to **forsake** Moses, telling them not to circumcise their children nor to walk according to the customs.

Matt. 5:31- It was said, 'Whoever sends his wife away, let him give her a **certificate of divorce**'

5

Luke 8:13-Those on the rocky *soil are* those who, when they hear, receive the word with joy; and these have no *firm* root; they believe for a while, and in time of temptation **fall away**.

1 Tim. 4:1-But the Spirit explicitly says that in later times some will **fall away** from the faith, paying attention to deceitful spirits and doctrines of demons,

Heb. 3:12-Take care, brethren, that there not be in any one of you an evil, unbelieving heart that **falls away** from the living God.

Luke 2:37-and then as a widow to the age of eighty-four. She never <u>left</u> the temple, serving night and day with fastings and prayers.

Luke 4:13-When the devil had finished every temptation, he <u>left</u> Him until an opportune time.

Luke 13:27-and He will say, 'I tell you, I do not know where you are from; **DEPART** FROM ME, ALL YOU EVILDOERS.'

Acts 5:38-³⁷ After this man, Judas of Galilee rose up in the days of the census and <u>drew</u> away *some* people after him; he too perished, and all those who followed him were scattered. ³⁸ So in the present case, I say to you, <u>stay away</u> from these men and let them alone, for if this plan or action is of men, it will be overthrown.

Acts 12:10-When they had passed the first and second guard, they came to the iron gate that leads into the city, which opened for them by itself; and they went out and went along one street, and immediately the angel **departed** from him.

Acts 13:13-Now Paul and his companions put out to sea from Paphos and came to Perga in Pamphylia; but John <u>left</u> them and returned to Jerusalem.

Acts 15:38-But Paul kept insisting that they should not take him along who had <u>deserted</u> them in Pamphylia and had not gone with them to the work

Acts 19:9-But when some were becoming hardened and disobedient, speaking evil of the Way before the people, he **withdrew** from them and took away the disciples, reasoning daily in the school of Tyrannus.

Acts 22:29-Therefore those who were about to examine him immediately <u>let go</u> of him; and the commander also was afraid when he found out that he was a Roman, and because he had put him in chains.

- 2 Cor. 12:8-Concerning this I implored the Lord three times that it might <u>leave</u> me.
- 2 Tim. 2:19-Nevertheless, the firm foundation of God stands, having this seal, "The Lord knows those who are His," and, "Everyone who names the name of the Lord is to **abstain** from wickedness."
- 2 Tim. 3:5-And from such people turn away!

<u>6</u>

- 1 Thess. 1:10-and to wait for His Son from heaven, whom He raised from the dead, *that is* Jesus, who rescues us from the wrath to come.
- 1 Thess. 2:19-20-¹⁹ For who is our hope or joy or crown of exultation? Is it not even you, in the presence of our Lord Jesus at His coming? ²⁰ For you are our glory and joy.
- 1 Thess. 3:13-so that He may establish your hearts without blame in holiness before our God and Father at the coming of our Lord Jesus with all His saints.
- 1 Thess. 4:13-18-¹³ But we do not want you to be uninformed, brethren, about those who are asleep, so that you will not grieve as do the rest who have no hope. ¹⁴ For if we believe that Jesus died and rose again, even so God will bring with Him those who have fallen asleep in Jesus. ¹⁵ For this we say to you by the word of the Lord, that we who are alive and remain until the coming of the Lord, will not precede those who have fallen asleep. ¹⁶ For the Lord Himself will descend from heaven with a shout, with the voice of *the* archangel and with the trumpet of God, and the

dead in Christ will rise first. ¹⁷ Then we who are alive and remain will be caught up together with them in the clouds to meet the Lord in the air, and so we shall always be with the Lord. ¹⁸ Therefore comfort one another with these words.

1 Thess. 5:23-Now may the God of peace Himself sanctify you entirely; and may your spirit and soul and body be preserved complete, without blame at the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ.

Gen. 6:3-Then the LORD said, "My Spirit shall not strive with man forever, because he also is flesh; nevertheless his days shall be one hundred and twenty years."

John 16:7-11-⁷ But I tell you the truth, it is to your advantage that I go away; for if I do not go away, the Helper will not come to you; but if I go, I will send Him to you. ⁸ And He, when He comes, will convict the **world** concerning sin and righteousness and judgment; ⁹ concerning sin, because they do not believe in Me; ¹⁰ and concerning righteousness, because I go to the Father and you no longer see Me; ¹¹ and concerning judgment, because the ruler of this world has been judged.

<u>8</u>

Rev. 11:12-And they heard a loud voice from heaven saying to them, "Come up here." Then they went up into heaven in the cloud, and their enemies watched them.

Conclusion

Titus 2:13-looking for <u>the blessed hope</u> and the appearing of the glory of our great God and Savior, Christ Jesus